GR-DVP3U

JVC

SERVICE MANUAL

DIGITAL VIDEO CAMERA

GR-DVP3U





SPECIFICATIONS

File size

Picture quality

STANDARD

For other memory cards, see pg. 17.

	Camcorder
For General	
Power supply	: DC 6.3 V == (Using AC Power Adapter/Charger) DC 7.2 V == (Using battery pack)
Power consumption	71
LCD monitor off, viewfinder on	: Approx. 4.1 W
LCD monitor on, viewfinder off	: Approx. 5.0 W
Dimensions (W x H x D)	: 43 mm x 115 mm x 80 mm (1-3/4" x 4-9/16" x 3-3/16") (with the LCD monitor closed and the viewfinder pushed back in
Weight	: Approx. 340 g (0.75 lbs)
0	(without grip belt, battery and cassette)
	Approx. 410 g (0.91 lbs)
	(incl. grip belt, battery and cassette)
Operating temperature	: 0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F)
Operating humidity	: 35% to 80%
Storage temperature	: -20°C to 50°C (-4°F to 122°F)
Pickup	: 1/4" CCD
Lens	: F 1.8, f = 3.7 mm to 37 mm, 10:1 power zoom lens (It is not possible to attach any lens filter or conversion lens.)
LCD monitor	: 2" diagonally measured, LCD panel/TFT active matrix system
Viewfinder	: Electronic viewfinder with 0.44" color LCD
Speaker	: Monaural
For Digital Video Camero	1
Format	: DV format (SD mode)
Signal format	: NTSC standard
Recording/Playback format	: Video: Digital component recording
<i>g</i> ,,	: Audio: PCM digital recording, 32 kHz 4-channel (12-bit),
	48 kHz 2-channel (16-bit)
Cassette	: Mini DV cassette
Tape speed	: SP: 18.8 mm/s
and a share	LP: 12.5 mm/s
Maximum recording time	: SP: 80 min.
(using 80 min. cassette)	LP: 120 min.
For Digital Still Camera	
Storage media	: SD Memroy Card/MultiMediaCard
Consideration of the second	Cillian IDEC (and ill)

Still image : JPEG (compatible)

2 modes (FINE/STANDARD)

37 (VGA), 16 (XGA)

: 105 (VGA), 51 (XGA)

Approximate number of storable images (with the provided memory card [8 MB], with Sound Effects pre-stored)

Moving image : MPEG4 (compatible) : 2 modes (XGA: 1024 x 768 pixels/VGA: 640 x 480 pixels)

For Connectors

Power requirement

Output

VTR

Weight

Video output: 1 V (p-p), 75 Ω, analogAudio output: 300 mV (rms), 1 kΩ, analog, stereo

Input/output : 4-pin, IEEE 1394 compliant

AC power adapter/charger AA-V100U

U.S.A. and Canada : AC 120 V ∼, 60 Hz
Other countries : AC 110 V to 240 V ∼, 50 Hz/60 Hz
Power consumption : 23 W

: DC 7.2 V ==, 1.2 A

: DC 6.3 V ==, 1.8 A

: 68 mm x 44 mm x 110 mm (2-11/16" x 1-3/4" x 4-3/8") : Approx. 255 g (0.57 lbs)

. Approx. 233 g (0.37 lbs)

Docking Station CU-V507U

For General Dimensions (W x H x D) : 48.4 mm x 36 mm x 79 mm (1-15/16" x 1-7/16" x 3-1/8")

: Approx. 53 g (0.12 lbs)

For Connectors

eadphone output : ø3.5 mm, stereo : TYPE B

S-VIDEO OUT : Y: 1 V (p-p), 75 W, analog output C: 0.29 V (p-p), 75 W, analog output

: ø3.5 mm, 2-pole

Specifications shown are for SP mode unless otherwise indicated. E & O.E. Design and specifications subject to change without notice.

JVC SERVICE & ENGINEERING COMPANY OF AMERICA DIVISION OF JVC AMERICAS CORP.

 Head office
 : 1700 Valley Road Wayne, New Jersey 07470-9976
 (973)315-5000

 East Coast
 : 10 New Maple Avenue Pine Brook, New Jersey 07058-9641
 (973)396-1000

 Midwest
 : 705 Enterprise Street Aurora, Illinois 60504-8149
 (630)851-7855

 West Coast
 : 5665 Corporate Avenue Cypress, California 90630-0024
 (714)229-8011

 Atlanta
 : 1500 Lakes Parkway Lawrenceville, Georgia 30043-5857
 (770)339-2582

 Hawaii
 : 2969 Mapunapuna Place Honolulu, Hawaii 96819-2040
 (808)833-5828

JVC CANADA INC.

Head office: 21 Finchdene Square Scarborough, Ontario M1X 1A7(416)293-1311Montreal: 16800 Rte Trans-Canadienne, Kirkland, Quebec H9H 5G7(514)871-1311Vancouver: 13040 Worster Court Richmond, B.C. V6V 2B3(604)270-1311

JVC

S40895-03

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section Title	Page	Section	Title	Page
Important Safety Precautions		4. CHARTS AN	ID DIAGRAMS	
INSTRUCTIONS		NOTES OF SCI	HEMATIC DIAGRAM	4-1
		CIRCUIT BOAF	RD NOTES	4-2
1. DISASSEMBLY			TERCONNECTIONS	
1.1 BEFORE ASSEMBLY AND DISASSEMBLY	1-1		PU SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.1.1 Precautions			SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.1.2 Assembly and disassembly			MATIC DIAGRAM	
1.1.3 Destination of connectors			CHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.1.4 Disconnection of Connectors (Wires)			SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.2 JIGS AND TOOLS REQUIRED FOR DISASSE			T SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT			SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.2.1 Tools required for adjustments			CHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.3 DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY OF CABINET PAR			SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
BOARD ASSEMBLY			SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.3.1 Disassembly flow chart			IEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.3.2 Disassembly method			R MAIN SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.4 DISASSEMBLY OF ⑤ MONITOR ASSEMBLY			EMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.4.1 5 Monitor assembly/Hinge assembly			P3 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.4.2 Hinge assembly			SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.5 DISASSEMBLY OF ① E. VF ASSEMBLY			EMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.5.1 ①E. VF assembly			IEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.6 DISASSEMBLY OF ® OP BLOCK ASSEMBLY			V SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
BOARD ASSEMBLY			D/DA SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.6.1 Precautions			DIO SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.6.2 How to remove OP block assembly and CCD board			E SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.6.3 How to install ⁽³⁾ OP block assembly and CCD board	•		SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.6.4 Replacement of service parts	•		R SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.7 EMERGENCY DISPLAY			'ER UNIT AND SUB OPE. UNIT	
1.8 SERVICE KNOW-HOW			TIC DIAGRAMS	4-40
1.9 SERVICE NOTE			CUIT BOARD	
1.9 SERVICE NOTE	1-14		RCUIT BOARD	
2. MECHANISM ADJUSTMENT			CIRCUIT BOARD	
	D DEDAID 0.4		R CIRCUIT BOARD	
2.1 PRELIMINARY REMARKS ON ADJUSTMENT AN			EJECT CIRCUIT BOARDS	
2.1.1 Precautions			CHARTS	
2.1.2 Notes on procedure for disassemby/assem	-		SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM	
2.2 JIGS AND TOOLS REQUIRED FOR DISASSE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT	•		STEM BLOCK DIAGRAM	
		4.00 VIDEO 01	TOTEN BEOOK BINGING WILLIAM	4 07
2.2.1 Tools required for adjustments		5. PARTS LIST		
			AND ACCESSORY ASSEMBLY <m1>.</m1>	5-1
2.3.1 General statement	_		EMBLY <m2></m2>	
2.3.2 Explanation of mechanism mode			SM ASSEMBLY <m3></m3>	
2.3.3 Mechanism timing chart			NIC VIEWFINDER ASSEMBLY <m4></m4>	
2.4 DISASSEMBLING PROCEDURE TABLE			ASSEMBLY <m5></m5>	
2.4.1 Disassembly/assembly			AL PARTS LIST	
2.4.2 List of procedures for disassembly			ASSEMBLY <01>	
2.5 CHECKUP AND ADJUSTMENT OF MECHANISM			D ASSEMBLY <02>	
2.6 MECHANISM ADJUSTMENTS			ARD ASSEMBLY <03>	
2.6.1 Adjustment of the slide guide plate			ARD ASSEMBLY <04>	
2.6.2 Adjustment of the Tension Arm and Pad Arm As			ASSEMBLY <05>	
2.6.3 Adjustment of the Slide Lever 2		EJECT BOAR	D ASSEMBLY <06>	5-21
2.7 JIG CONNECTOR CABLE CONNECTION		c 40 DOWED	ADARTED (AA MACCIN	
2.8 SERVICE NOTE	2-18		ADAPTER (AA-V100U)	=
2 ELECTRICAL AD HISTAGAT			ASSEMBLY <ma></ma>	
3. ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENT	<u>.</u> .		C DIAGRAM	
3.1 PRECAUTION			OARD	
3.2 SETUP	3-2	6.4 ELECTRICA	AL PARTS LIST	6-5

Important Safety Precautions

Prior to shipment from the factory, JVC products are strictly inspected to conform with the recognized product safety and electrical codes of the countries in which they are to be sold. However, in order to maintain such compliance, it is equally important to implement the following precautions when a set is being serviced.

Precautions during Servicing

- Locations requiring special caution are denoted by labels and inscriptions on the cabinet, chassis and certain parts of the product. When performing service, be sure to read and comply with these and other cautionary notices appearing in the operation and service manuals.
- Parts identified by the symbol and shaded () parts are critical for safety.

Replace only with specified part numbers.

Note: Parts in this category also include those specified to comply with X-ray emission standards for products using cathode ray tubes and those specified for compliance with various regulations regarding spurious radiation emission.

Fuse replacement caution notice.
 Caution for continued protection against fire hazard.
 Replace only with same type and rated fuse(s) as specified.

- 4. Use specified internal wiring. Note especially:
 - 1) Wires covered with PVC tubing
 - 2) Double insulated wires
 - 3) High voltage leads
- Use specified insulating materials for hazardous live parts. Note especially:
 - 1) Insulation Tape
- 3) Spacers
- 5) Barrier

- 2) PVC tubing
- 4) Insulation sheets for transistors
- When replacing AC primary side components (transformers, power cords, noise blocking capacitors, etc.) wrap ends of wires securely about the terminals before soldering.

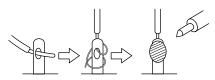


Fig.1

- Observe that wires do not contact heat producing parts (heatsinks, oxide metal film resistors, fusible resistors, etc.)
- 8. Check that replaced wires do not contact sharp edged or pointed parts.
- When a power cord has been replaced, check that 10-15 kg of force in any direction will not loosen it.

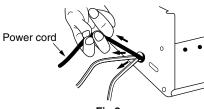


Fig.2

- 10. Also check areas surrounding repaired locations.
- 11. Products using cathode ray tubes (CRTs)
 In regard to such products, the cathode ray tubes themselves, the high voltage circuits, and related circuits are specified for compliance with recognized codes pertaining to X-ray emission.
 Consequently, when servicing these products, replace the cathode ray tubes and other parts with only the specified parts. Under no circumstances attempt to modify these circuits.
 Unauthorized modification can increase the high voltage value and cause X-ray emission from the cathode ray tube.

12. Crimp type wire connector

In such cases as when replacing the power transformer in sets where the connections between the power cord and power transformer primary lead wires are performed using crimp type connectors, if replacing the connectors is unavoidable, in order to prevent safety hazards, perform carefully and precisely according to the following steps.

- 1) Connector part number: E03830-001
- 2) Required tool: Connector crimping tool of the proper type which will not damage insulated parts.
- 3) Replacement procedure
 - Remove the old connector by cutting the wires at a point close to the connector.

Important: Do not reuse a connector (discard it).



Fia.3

(2) Strip about 15 mm of the insulation from the ends of the wires. If the wires are stranded, twist the strands to avoid frayed conductors.



Fig.4

(3) Align the lengths of the wires to be connected. Insert the wires fully into the connector.

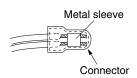


Fig.5

(4) As shown in Fig.6, use the crimping tool to crimp the metal sleeve at the center position. Be sure to crimp fully to the complete closure of the tool.



Fia.6

(5) Check the four points noted in Fig.7.

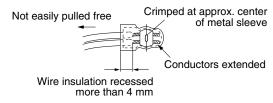


Fig.7

Safety Check after Servicing

Examine the area surrounding the repaired location for damage or deterioration. Observe that screws, parts and wires have been returned to original positions, Afterwards, perform the following tests and confirm the specified values in order to verify compliance with safety standards.

1. Insulation resistance test

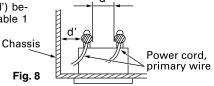
Confirm the specified insulation resistance or greater between power cord plug prongs and externally exposed parts of the set (RF terminals, antenna terminals, video and audio input and output terminals, microphone jacks, earphone jacks, etc.). See table 1 below.

2. Dielectric strength test

Confirm specified dielectric strength or greater between power cord plug prongs and exposed accessible parts of the set (RF terminals, antenna terminals, video and audio input and output terminals, microphone jacks, earphone jacks, etc.). See table 1 below.

3. Clearance distance

When replacing primary circuit components, confirm specified clearance distance (d), (d') between soldered terminals, and between terminals and surrounding metallic parts. See table 1 below.



4. Leakage current test

Confirm specified or lower leakage current between earth ground/power cord plug prongs and externally exposed accessible parts (RF terminals, antenna terminals, video and audio input and output terminals, microphone jacks, earphone jacks, etc.).

Measuring Method: (Power ON)

Insert load Z between earth ground/power cord plug prongs and externally exposed accessible parts. Use an AC voltmeter to measure across both terminals of load Z. See figure 9 and following table 2.

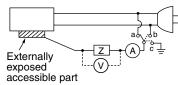


Fig. 9

5. Grounding (Class 1 model only)

Confirm specified or lower grounding impedance between earth pin in AC inlet and externally exposed accessible parts (Video in, Video out, Audio in, Audio out or Fixing screw etc.).

Measuring Method:

Connect milli ohm meter between earth pin in AC inlet and exposed accessible parts. See figure 10 and grounding specifications.

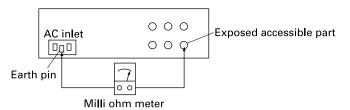


Fig. 10

Grounding Specifications

Region	Grounding Impedance (Z)
USA & Canada	Z ≦ 0.1 ohm
Europe & Australia	Z ≦ 0.5 ohm

AC Line Voltage	Region	Insulation Resistance (R)	Dielectric Strength	Clearance Distance (d), (d')
100 V	lanan	R ≧ 1 MΩ/500 V DC	AC 1 kV 1 minute	d, d' ≧ 3 mm
100 to 240 V	Japan	R ≦ 1 WI22/500 V DC	AC 1.5 kV 1 miute	d, d' ≧ 4 mm
110 to 130 V	USA & Canada	1 M $\Omega \le R \le 12$ M $\Omega/500$ V DC	AC 1 kV 1 minute	d, d' ≧ 3.2 mm
110 to 130 V 200 to 240 V	Europe & Australia	R ≧ 10 MΩ/500 V DC	AC 3 kV 1 minute (Class II) AC 1.5 kV 1 minute (Class I)	$d \ge 4 \text{ mm}$ $d' \ge 8 \text{ mm (Power cord)}$ $d' \ge 6 \text{ mm (Primary wire)}$

Table 1 Specifications for each region

AC Line Voltage	Region	Load Z	Leakage Current (i)	a, b, c
100 V	Japan	ο	i ≦ 1 mA rms	Exposed accessible parts
110 to 130 V	USA & Canada	0.15 μF	i ≦ 0.5 mA rms	Exposed accessible parts
110 to 130 V	Europe & Australia	o	i ≦ 0.7 mA peak i ≦ 2 mA dc	Antenna earth terminals
220 to 240 V	Europe & Australia	ο	i ≦ 0.7 mA peak i ≦ 2 mA dc	Other terminals

Table 2 Leakage current specifications for each region

Note: These tables are unofficial and for reference only. Be sure to confirm the precise values for your particular country and locality.

II

SECTION 1 DISASSEMBLY

1.1 BEFORE ASSEMBLY AND DISASSEMBLY

1.1.1 Precautions

- 1. Be sure to remove the power supply unit prior to mounting and soldering of parts.
- When removing a component part that needs to disconnect the connector and to remove the screw for removing itself, first disconnect the connecting wire from the connector and then remove the screw beforehand.
- 3. When connecting and disconnecting the connectors, be careful not to damage the wire.
- Carefully remove and handle the part to which some spacer or shield is attached for reinforcement or insulation.
- 5. When replacing chip parts (especially IC parts), desolder completely first (to prevent peeling of the pattern).
- 6. Tighten screws properly during the procedures.

 Unless specified otherwise, tighten screws at a torque of 0.078N•m(0.8kgf•cm).

1.1.2 Assembly and disassembly

STEP No.	PART	Fig.No.	POINT	NOTE
1	COVER(UNDER)	Fig.1-3-1	(S①)	_
2	COVER(SH0E)	Fig.1-3-2	2(S@),(L@a),(L@b)	_
3	MIC COVER ASSY		(S3a),2(S3b)	_
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)

- Indicate the disassembly steps. When assembling, perform in the reverse order of these steps. This number corresponds to the number in the disassembly diagram.
- (2) Indicates the name of disassembly/assembly parts.
- (3) Indicates the number in the disassembly diagram.
- (4) Indicates parts and points such as screws, washers, springs which must be removed during disassembly/ assembly.

Symbol Name, Point Screw

L Lock, Pawl, Hook SD Soldering CN Connector

(Example)

• 2 (S①): Remove the two screws (S①) for removing the part ①.

CN ①a: Disconnect the connector ①a.
SD1 : Unsolder at the point SD1.

(5) Precautions on disassembly/assembly.

1.1.3 Destination of connectors

Note: Three kinds of double-arrows in connection tables respectively show kinds of connector/wires.

 $\leftrightarrow : \mathsf{Wire}$

⇔ : Flat wire (FPC, FFC)

⇒ : Board to Board connector

[Example]

NOTE: Remove the parts marked in ...

		,				
CONN. No.		CON	INEC	TOR		Pin No.
4 a	MAIN	CN111	↔	BOTTOM	CN301	50
4 b	MAIN	CN112	\Leftrightarrow	SUB OPE UNIT	CN112	7

1.1.4 Disconnection of Connectors (Wires)

Connector

Pull both ends of the connector in the arrow direction, remove the lock and disconnect the flat wire.

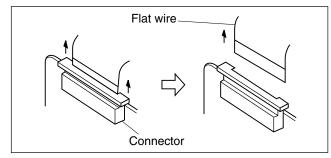


Fig. 1-1-1 Connector 1

Extend the locks in the direction of the arrow for unlocking and then pull out the wire. After removing the wire, immediately restore the locks to their original positions because the locks are apt to come off the connector.

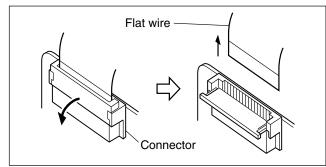


Fig. 1-1-2 Connector 2

B-B connector

Pull the board by both the sides in the direction of the arrow for disconnecting the B-B connector.

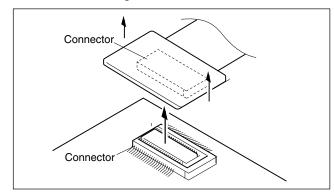


Fig. 1-1-3 Connector 3

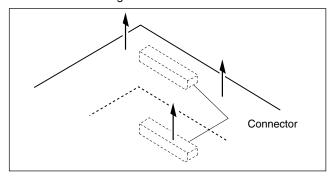


Fig. 1-1-4 Connector 4

1.2 JIGS AND TOOLS REQUIRED FOR DISASSEMBLY, ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT

1.2.1 Tools required for adjustments

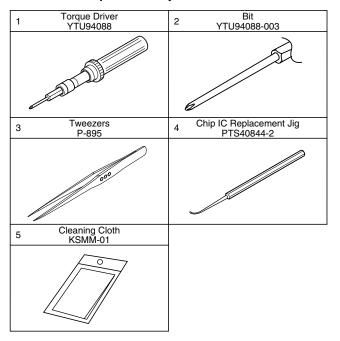


Table 1-2-1

1. Torque driver

Be sure to use to fastening the mechanism and exterior parts because those parts must strictly be controlled for tightening torque.

2. Bit

This bit is slightly longer than those set in conventional torque drivers.

3. Tweezers

To be used for removing and installing parts and wires.

4. Chip IC replacement jig

To be used for adjustment of the camera system.

5. Cleaning cloth

Recommended cleaning cloth to wipe down the video heads, mechanism (tape transport system), optical lens surface.

1.3 DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY OF CABINET PARTS AND BOARD ASSEMBLY

1.3.1 Disassembly flow chart

This flowchart indicates the disassembly step for the cabinet parts and board assembly in order to gain access to item(s) to be serviced. When reassembling, perform the step(s) in reverse order.

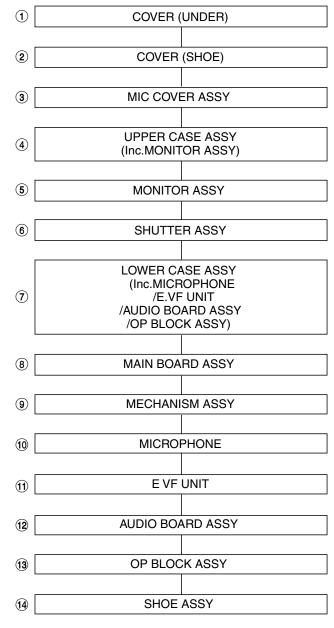


Table 1-3-1

1.3.2 Disassembly method

1.0.2	Disassemb	.,		
STEP No.	PART	Fig.No.	POINT	NOTE
1	COVER (UNDER)	Fig.1-3-1	(S①)	_
2	COVER (SHOE)	Fig.1-3-2	2(S@), (L@a), (L@b)	_
3	MIC COVER ASSY		(S3a), 2(S3b)	_
4	UPPER CASE ASSY	Fig.1-3-3a	(SD CARD) (S⊕a), COVER (JIG) CN ⊕a	NOTE@a NOTE@b
		Fig.1-3-3b	2(\$\(\partial\)b), (\$\(\partial\)c), 2(\$\(\partial\)b), (\$\(\partial\)c) 2(\$\(\partial\)b), (\$\(\partial\)c) CN \(\partial\)b, CN \(\partial\)c	NOTE@c
5	MONITOR ASSY	Fig.1-3-4	2(S⑤a), GUIDE(MONI), 2(S⑤b)	NOTE®
6	SHUTTER ASSY	Flig.1-3-5	(S®)	NOTE ₆
7	LOWER CASE ASSY (Inc.MICROPHONE, E VF UNIT, AUDIO BOARD ASSY, OP BLOCK ASSY)	Fig.1-3-6	CN ⑦a,CN ⑦b,SHEET(SHUTTER) CN ⑦c, CN⑦d, 4(S⑦)	NOTE®
8	MAIN BOARD ASSY	Fig.1-3-7	SHEET(SHUTTER), 2(S®) (L®a), SHIELD ASSY, CN®a, CN®b, CN®c, CN®d 2(L®b), (L®c) CN®e, CN®f	
9	MECHANISM ASSY		3(S [®]),BRACKET(MECHA) ASSY	
10	MICROPHONE	Fig.1-3-8a	HOOD, SPACER, (S ³), (S ²) CN ³ a	NOTE®a NOTE®b
11)	E VF UNIT		(S①), SPACER, CN①a	NOTE®a NOTE®b
12	AUDIO BOARD ASSY	Fig.1-3-8b	2(S@b), SPACER, 3(S@)	NOET12
13	OP BLOCK ASSY		CN ³ a	NOTE®a NOTE®b
14	SHOE ASSY		CN 😘a	NOTE1

Table 1-3-2

Note: Remove the parts marked in .

· —						
	C	ONN	IECTOR		Pin No.	
MAIN	CN111	⇔	ВОТТОМ	CN301	50	
MAIN	CN112	\Leftrightarrow	SUB OPE UNIT	-	7	
MAIN	CN113	\Leftrightarrow	MONITOR	CN401	39	
MAIN	CN110	⇔	AUDIIO	CN201	120	
MAIN	CN111	\Leftrightarrow	CCD	-	20	
MAIN	CN107	\Leftrightarrow	ZOOM OPE UNIT	-	13	
MAIN	CN108	\leftrightarrow	EJECT SW	-	2	
MAIN	CN102	\Leftrightarrow	LOADING MOTOR	-	6	
MAIN	CN103	\Leftrightarrow	ROTARY ENCODER	-	6	
MAIN	CN101	\Leftrightarrow	HEAD	-	8	
MAIN	CN106	\Leftrightarrow	SENSOR	-	16	
MAIN	CN105	\Leftrightarrow	CAPSTAN MOTOR	-	18	
MAIN	CN104	\Leftrightarrow	DRUM MOTOR	-	11	
AUDI0	CN203	\leftrightarrow	MICROPHONE	-	4	
AUDI0	CN204	\Leftrightarrow	VF BL	CN7551	20	
AUDI0	CN205	\Leftrightarrow	OP BLOCK ASSY	-	24	
AUDI0	CN202	\Leftrightarrow	SH0E ASSY	-	16	
	MAIN MAIN MAIN MAIN MAIN MAIN MAIN MAIN	MAIN CN111 MAIN CN112 MAIN CN113 MAIN CN110 MAIN CN110 MAIN CN107 MAIN CN107 MAIN CN108 MAIN CN108 MAIN CN102 MAIN CN103 MAIN CN101 MAIN CN106 MAIN CN106 MAIN CN106 MAIN CN106 MAIN CN106 AUDIO CN203 AUDIO CN204 AUDIO CN205	MAIN CN111 → MAIN CN112 ⇔ MAIN CN113 ⇒ MAIN CN110 → MAIN CN101 ⇒ MAIN CN107 ⇔ MAIN CN108 → MAIN CN102 ⇔ MAIN CN103 ⇒ MAIN CN101 ⇒ MAIN CN106 ⇔ MAIN CN105 ⇒ MAIN CN104 ⇒ AUDIO CN203 → AUDIO CN204 ⇒ AUDIO CN205 ⇒	MAIN CN112 ⇔ SUB OPE UNIT MAIN CN113 ⇔ MONITOR MAIN CN110 ↔ AUDIIO MAIN CN111 ⇔ CCD MAIN CN107 ⇔ Z00M OPE UNIT MAIN CN108 ↔ EJECT SW MAIN CN102 ⇔ LOADING MOTOR MAIN CN103 ⇔ ROTARY ENCODER MAIN CN101 ⇔ HEAD MAIN CN106 ⇔ SENSOR MAIN CN105 ⇔ CAPSTAN MOTOR MAIN CN104 ⇔ DRUM MOTOR AUDIO CN203 ⇔ MICROPHONE AUDIO CN204 ⇔ VF BL AUDIO CN205 ⇔ OP BLOCK ASSY	MAIN CN111 → BOTTOM CN301 MAIN CN112 ⇔ SUB OPE UNIT - MAIN CN113 ⇔ MONITOR CN401 MAIN CN110 → AUDIIO CN201 MAIN CN111 ⇔ CCD - MAIN CN107 ⇔ ZOOM OPE UNIT - MAIN CN108 ↔ EJECT SW - MAIN CN102 ⇔ LOADING MOTOR - MAIN CN103 ⇔ ROTARY ENCODER - MAIN CN101 ⇔ HEAD - MAIN CN106 ⇔ SENSOR - MAIN CN105 ⇔ CAPSTAN MOTOR - MAIN CN104 ⇔ DRUM MOTOR - AUDIO CN203 ↔ MICROPHONE - AUDIO CN204 ⇔ VF BL CN7551 AUDIO CN205 ⇔ OP BLOCK ASSY -	

Table 1-3-3

NOTE (4)a: If a card is installed, remove it in advance.

NOTE (4)b: Be careful not to damage the battery removal switch.

When disassembling, ensure that the lock lever is in the low position and set the battery removal switch only to the up position.

NOTE (4)c: Take care of the removed screws.

NOTE 5: Refer to Fig. 1-4-1 for the disassembly method.

NOTE (6): Be careful not to damage or lose the parts.

NOTE ①: For the disassembly/assembly of the EVF unit, AUDIO board assembly, and OP block assembly, see section

1.8, "SERVICE KNOW-HOW".

NOTE 10a: Take care not to damage the switch.

NOTE (i)b: Leave the OP block assembly connected to the audio board and locate it in a vacant space.

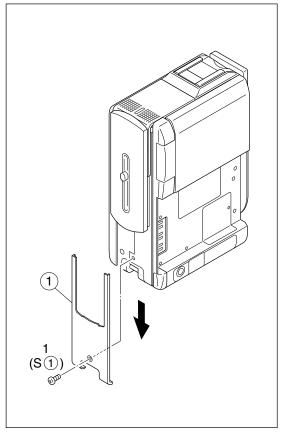
NOTE (1)a: Be careful not to cut the FPC wire or damage any of the switches during work.

NOTE 11b: Refer to Fig. 1-5-1 for the disassembly method.

NOTE 12, 13a, 14:

When assembling, attach the OP block assembly and the shoe assembly on the AUDIO board assembly and install them together in the lower case assembly.

NOTE 13b: Refer to Fig. 1-6-1 for the disassembly method.



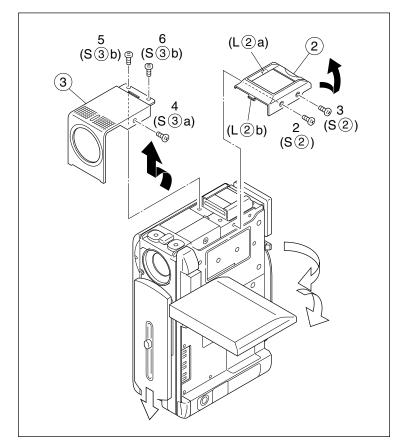


Fig. 1-3-1 Fig. 1-3-2

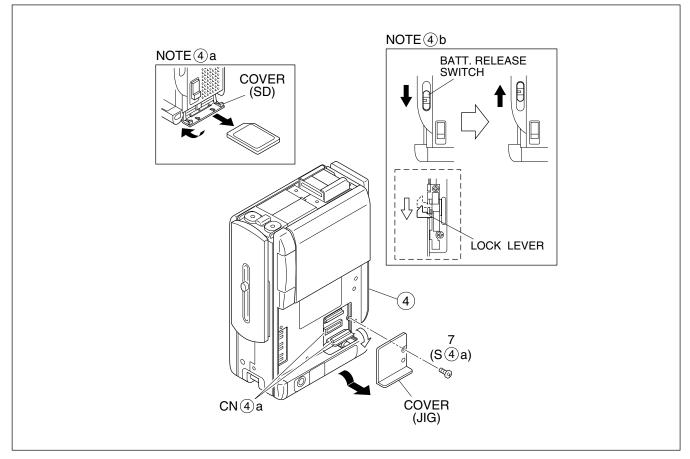


Fig. 1-3-3a

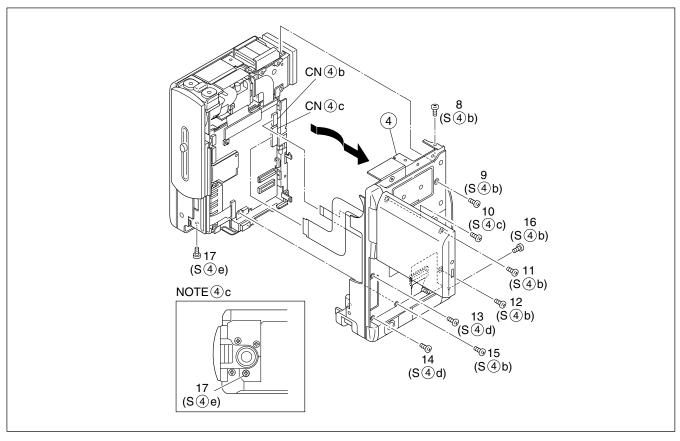
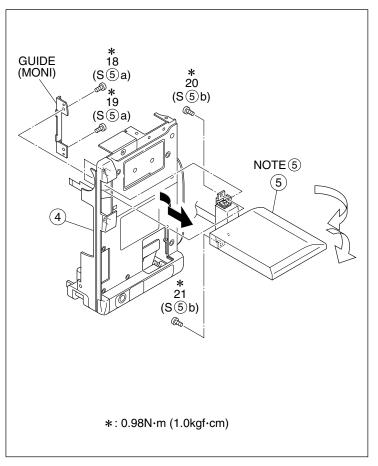


Fig. 1-3-3b



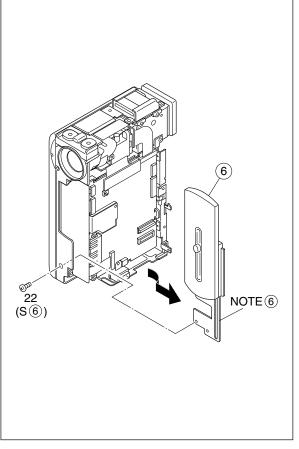


Fig. 1-3-4 Fig. 1-3-5

1-5

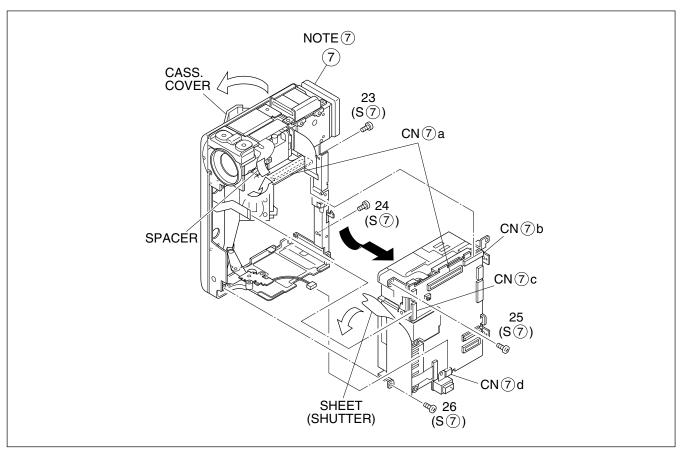


Fig. 1-3-6

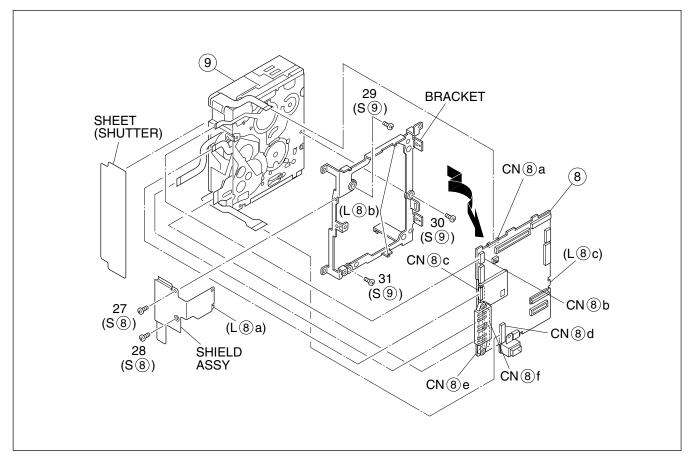


Fig. 1-3-7

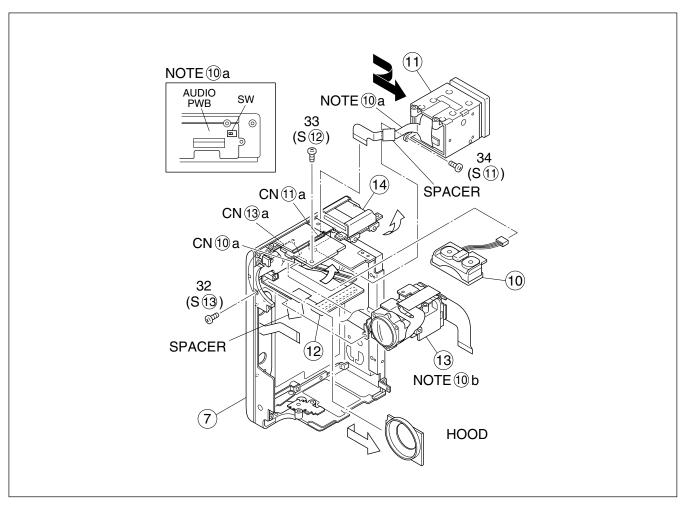


Fig. 1-3-8a

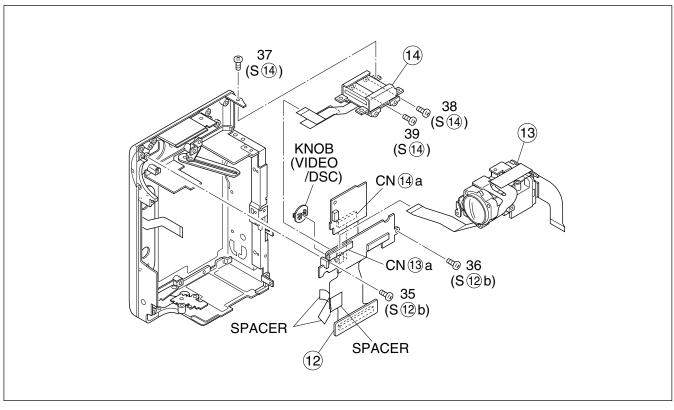


Fig. 1-3-8b

1.4 DISASSEMBLY OF 5 MONITOR ASSEMBLY

1.4.1 ⑤ Monitor assembly/Hinge assembly

 Remove the three screws (1 to 3) and then remove the monitor cover by disengaging the two hooks (L®a, L®b) at the top and bottom.

Note 5 a: Be careful not to lose part (Lib).

- Pull out the part (sensor) from the monitor case assembly.
- 3. Disconnect FPC from the connector CNs and then remove the MONITOR board assembly and backlight.

Note(§)**b:** When removing the parts out of the monitor case assembly, be very careful not to damage the FPC and parts.

Note **Sc:** Remove the MONITOR board assembly and backlight together unless it is needed to separate them from each other for part replacement, etc., because the two are soldered to each other.

4. Take out the LCD module, back light and monitor board assembly from the monitor case assembly. Be careful with the hooks (L⑤e, L⑥f) on the two sides. Disconnect the FPC assembly from the connector (CN5b) and remove the LCD module. Be careful with the hooks (L⑥g, L⑥h) on the two sides.

1.4.2 Hinge assembly

1. Remove the two screws (4,5) to take out the FPC assembly while removing the hinge cover.

Note(s)d: Be careful not to lose any part during the abovementioned process.

2. Remove the hinge cover (U) from hinge assembly.

Note(se: Be careful not to lose any part during the abobe mentioned process.

Note f: When reassembling, wind the FPC assembly around the hinge assembly by three turns and a half

Be careful not to break the FPC wire during the work.

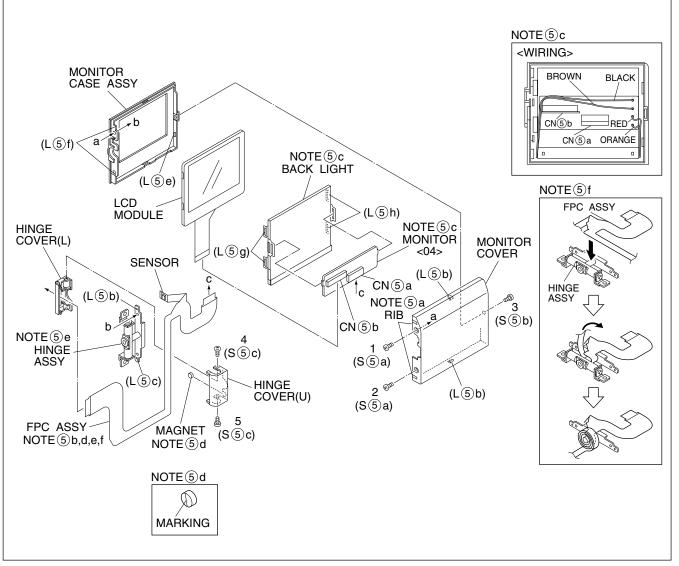


Fig. 1-4-1

1.5 DISASSEMBLY OF (1) E. VF ASSEMBLY

1.5.1 11 E. VF assembly

Note(1)a: When disassembling the E VF assembly, remove the frame (VF) from the case/cap assembly de-

pending on the situation.

Note(1)**b:** Be very careful not to get the inside of the VF soiled or dusty during and after disassembling the E. VF assembly.

1. Draw the frame (VF) out of the case assembly.

2. Remove the eyecup and pull out the guide (VF).

<Case assembly>

- While holding the guide (VF), pull out the case assembly, remove the two screws (1, 2) and remove the cap (VF).
- Remove the three screws (3-5) and draw out the eyepiece sub assembly.
- 5. Draw out the guide (VF).

Note①c: A lens assembly and a lever are mounted on the eye-piece sub assembly. When removing this assembly, be careful not to damage them.

<Frame (VF)>

- Remove the screw (6) first and then LCD module/holder (LCD).
- Get the two hooks (L[®]a, L[®]b) disengaged and then remove the holder (LCD)

Note①d: Carefully proceed with the above-mentioned work not to damage any part.

Disconnect the connector (CN[®]a) and remove the LCD module.

Note(1)e: Pay heed the parts not to damage any thing.

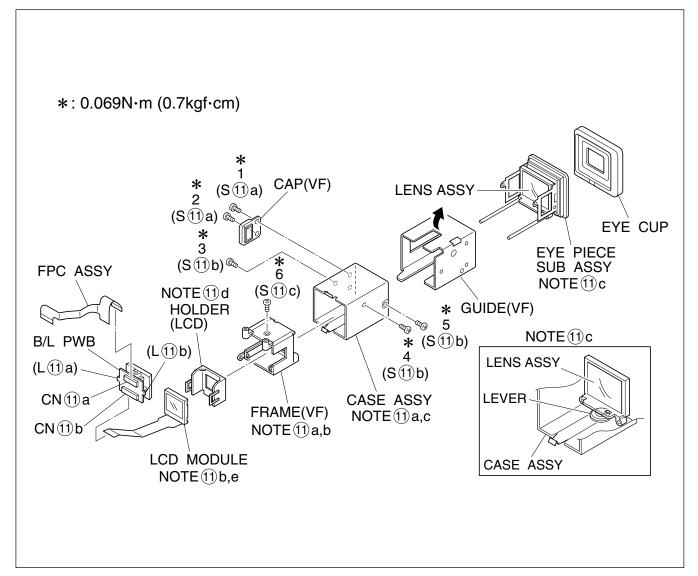


Fig. 1-5-1

1.6 DISASSEMBLY OF ® OP BLOCK ASSEMBLY/CCD BOARD ASSEMBLY

1.6.1 Precautions

- Carefully handle the CCD image sensor, optical LPF, lens, etc. during the disassembly work. Pay the most careful attention to the surface of those parts not to get it soiled, scratched or dusty. If some of those surfaces gets soiled with fingerprints, etc., wipe it out with silicone paper, clean chamois, cleaning cloth or the like.
- The new CCD image sensor is occasionally shipped from the factory as a protection seal is applied onto its transparent glass. If so, leave the protection seal as it is and remove it just before installing the CCD image sensor in the OP block assembly.

1.6.2 How to remove OP block assembly and CCD board assembly

- 1. Remove the spacer.
- Unsolder at the fourteen points (SD1) and remove the CCD board assembly.
- 3. Remove the two screws (1, 2) and then remove the CCD base assembly.

Note[®]a: Carefully remove the CCD base assembly, because the space rubber and optical LPF may be removed together with the CCD image sensor.

Note(13)b: When replacing the CCD image sensor, don't replace it individually but replace the CCD base assembly in whole with a new one.

1.6.3 How to install ⁽³⁾ OP block assembly and CCD board assembly

- 1. Install the optical LPF with the [®] OP block assembly.
- 2. With the spacer rubber left attached to the CCD base assembly, install the assembly in the OP block assembly and clamp it using the two screws (1, 2).
- Set the CCD board assembly in the CCD base assembly, and fasten it by soldering at the fourteen points (SD1).

1.6.4 Replacement of service parts

Service parts to be supplied for the OP block assembly are as follows.

When replacing a part, be very careful not to get the FPC wire broken or damaged by soldering (overheating).

- 1. Focus motor
- 2. Zoom motor
- 3. Iris motor unit

Note[®]c: When soldering the FPC wire of the focus motor or zoom motor during the replacement work, be sure to keep the tip of a soldering iron approximately 1 mm above the terminal.

Note(3)d: The iris motor unit includes one FPC assembly and two sensors.

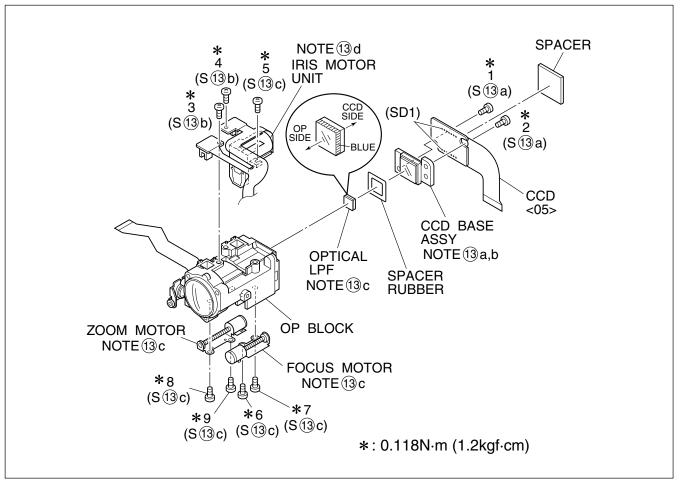


Fig. 1-6-1

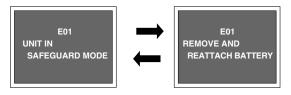
1.7 EMERGENCY DISPLAY

Whenever some abnormal signal is input to the syscon CPU, an error number (E01, as an example) is displayed on the LCD monitor or (in the electronic view finder).

In every error status, such the message as shown below alternately appear over and over.

 In an emergency mode, all operations except turning on/ off the POWER switch are ineffectual.

Example (in case of the error number E01):



LCD display	Emergency mode	Details		Possible cause
E01	LOADING	In the case the encoder position is not shifted to the next point though the loading motor has rotated in the loading direction for 4 seconds or more. This error is defined as [E01].	2.	The mechanism is locked during mode shift. The mechanism is locked at the mechanism loading end, because the encoder position is skipped during mechanism mode shift. No power is supplied to the loading MDA.
E02	UNLOADING	In the case the encoder position is not shifted to the next point though the loading motor has rotated in the unloading direction for 4 seconds or more. This error is defined as [E02].	1. 2.	The mechanism is locked during mode shift. The mechanism is locked at the mechanism loading end, because the encoder position is skipped during mechanism mode shift.
E03	TU & SUP REEL FG	In the case no REEL FG is produced for 4 seconds or more in the capstan rotation mode after loading was complete, the mechanism mode is shifted to STOP with the pinch roller set off. This error is defined as [E03]. However, no REEL EMG is detected in the SLOW/STILL mode.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	The idler gear does not engage with the reel disk well. Though the idler gear and reel disk are engaged with each other, the tape is not wound because of overload to the mechanism. No FG pulse is output from the reel sensor. No power is supplied to the reel sensor. Tape transport operation takes place with a cassette having no tape inside. The tape slackens and no pulse is produced until the slack is taken up and the tape comes into the normal status.
E04	DRUM FG	In the case there is no DRUM FG input in the drum rotation mode for 4 seconds or more. This error is defined as [E04], and the mechanism mode is shifted to STOP with the pinch roller set off.		The drum cannot be started or drum rotation is stopped because tape transport load is too high. 1) Tape tension is extremely high. 2) The tape is damaged or soiled with grease, etc. The DRUM FG signal is not received by the syscon CPU. 1) Disconnection in the middle of the signal line. 2) Failure of the DRUM FG pulse generator (hall element). No drum control voltage is supplied to the MDA. No power is supplied to the DRUM MDA.
E05	_	-		-
E06	CAPSTAN FG	In the case no CAPSTAN FG is produced in the capstan rotation mode for 2 seconds or more. This error is defined as [E06], and the mechanism mode is shifted to STOP with the pinch roller set off. However, no CAPSTAN EMG is detected in the STILL/FF/REW mode.	1. 2. 3. 4.	The CAPSTAN FG signal is not received by the syscon CPU. 1) Disconnection in the middle of the signal line. 2) Failure of the CAPSTAN FG pulse generator (MR element). No capstan control voltage is supplied to the MDA. No power is supplied to the CAPSTAN MDA. The capstan cannot be started or capstan rotation is stopped because tape transport load is too high. 1) Tape tension is extremely high. (Mechanical locking) 2) The tape is damaged or soiled with grease, etc. (Tape tangling occurs, etc.)

(DVC_03)

1.8 SERVICE KNOW-HOW

When performing disassembly/assembly work to this model, the parts that are most complicated and require special attention are the EVF unit and the AUDIO board, OP block and shoe assemblies, all of which are mounted inside the lower case assembly.

Care should be taken in handling these parts as they are mounted inside the lower case assembly (except the E.VF unit) and there is a lack of adequate space to work conveniently. This section gives further details regarding the disassembly procedures, although they have been described in previous sections.

- 1. See Fig. 1-8-1.
- (1) Remove the hood by moving the [®] microphone out of way.
- (2) Peel off the spacer, remove the screw (32) and take out the [®] OP block assembly by moving the [®] microphone out of the way.
- (3) Remove the screw (33) and, while opening the [®] AU-DIO board assembly, disconnect the wire from the connector (CN203) and remove the [®] microphone.
- (4) Remove the screw (34), peel off the spacer, take out the ① E.VF assembly by moving the ② shoe assembly out of way, disconnect the FPC from the connector (CN204).

Note: Be careful not to damage the FPC or the switches when carrying out this work.

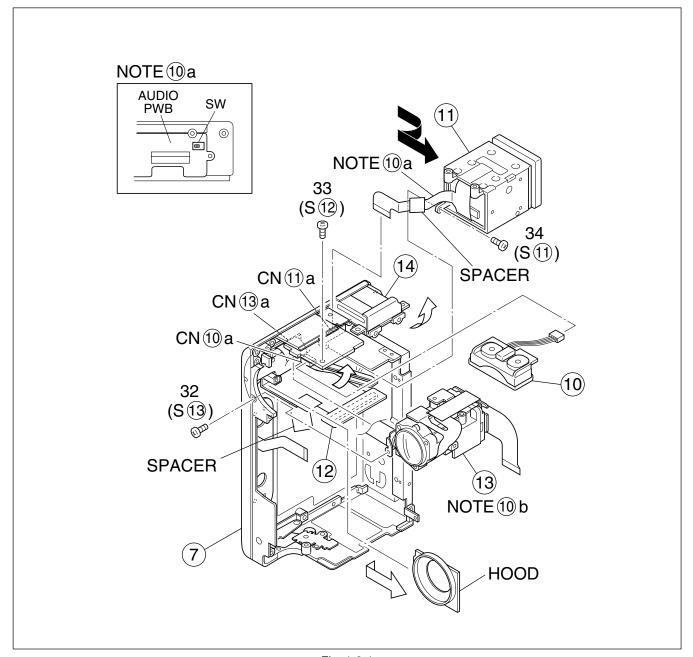


Fig. 1-8-1

- 2. See Fig. 1-8-2.
- (1) Remove the two screws (35,36) in order to free the ¹² AUDIO board assembly.
- (2) Remove the three screws (37 to 39), peel off the spacer and take out the @ AUDIO board assembly together with the ® OP block assembly and the ® shoe assembly.

Note: Be careful not to lose the VIDEO and DSC knobs, which may slip out during the disassembly.

(3) Disconnect the FPCs from the connectors on the [®] OP block assembly and the [®] shoe assembly.

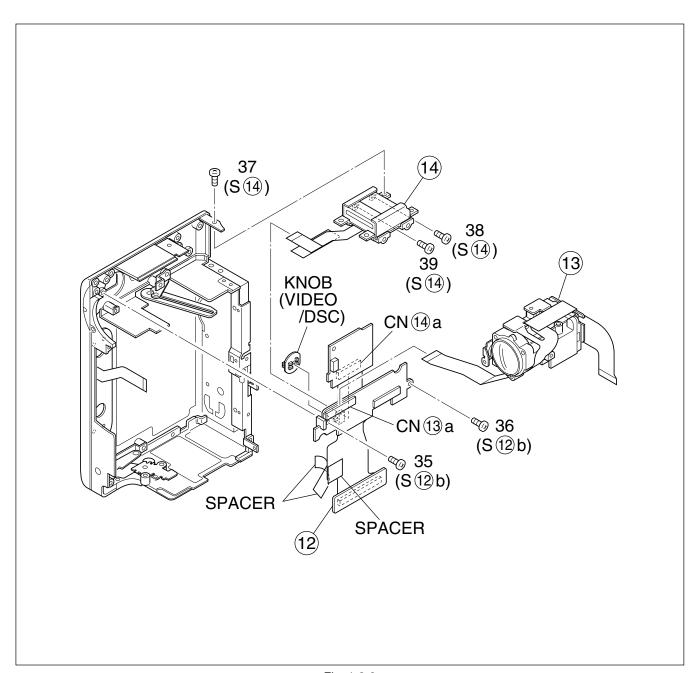


Fig. 1-8-2

1.9 SERVICE NOTE

Symbol No. →	\odot	8			(e)						4						©		
Removing order of screw →	-	2	က	4	2	9	7	8	6	Ξ	12	13	4	16	17	18	19	20	21
Place to stick screw →																*	*	*	*
Reference drawing → Fig.1-3-1	g.1-3-1		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Fig.1-3-2			Fig.1-3-3a				Fig.	Fig.1-3-3b					Fig.1-3-4	3-4	
Screw tightening torque →								ы									п		
Symbol No. →	©		(c)	_			8		6			9	=		(12)	@		(
Removing order of screw →	22	23	24	25	56	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	I	37	38	39
Place to stick screw →														*	*		*	*	*
Reference drawing → Fig	Fig.1-3-5		Fig.1-3-6	-3-6			Ш	Fig.1-3-7	_			Fig.1-3-8a	3-8a			Fig.1	Fig.1-3-8b		
Screw tightening torque →									. ¬	П									
	9	(5) MONITOR ASSY	TOR AS	SSY							(I	① E VF UNIT	JNIT						
Removing order of screw →	-	2	3	4	2	Ren	Removing order of screw →	ter of sc	;rew →	-	2	က	4	2	9				
Place to stick screw →	*	*	*				Place to stick screw →	stick sc	crew →										
Reference drawing →		Fig.	Fig. 1-4-1				Referen	nce drav	Reference drawing →			Fig.1-5-1	5-1						
Screw tightening torque →		I				Sc	Screw tightening torque →	ining tor	rque →			IV							
			(13) OP	(1) OP BLOCK ASSY	ASSY														
Removing order of screw →	1	2 3	4	5	9	7	8	_											
Place to stick screw →																			
Reference drawing →				Fig.1-6-1	ĭ														
Screw tightening torque →				Ш															
V	< NOTE >																		

Table 1-9-1

III : 0.118N·m (1.2kgf·cm)

: 0.098N·m (1.0kgf·cm)

Pay careful attention to tightening torque for each screw.

: 0.078N·m (0.8kgf·cm) : 0.069N·m (0.7kgf·cm)

I ≥

2 2

SECTION 2 MECHANISM ADJUSTMENT

2.1 PRELIMINARY REMARKS ON ADJUSTMENT AND REPAIR

2.1.1 Precautions

- 1. When fastening parts, pay careful attention to the tightening torque of each screw. Unless otherwise specified, tighten a screw with the torque of 0.039 N·m (0.4 kgf•cm).
- 2. Be sure to disconnect the set from the power supply before fastening and soldering parts.
- When disconnecting/connecting wires, be careful not to get them and their connectors damaged. (Refer to the Section 1.)
- 4. When replacing parts, be very careful neither to damage other parts nor to fit wrong parts by mistake.

2.1.2 Notes on procedure for disassemby/assembly

The disassembling procedure table (Table 2-4-1 on page 2-5,a part of the table is shown below for reference)shows the procedure to disassemble/reassemble mechanism parts.

Carefully read the following explanation before starting actual disassembling/reassembling work. The item numbers (circled numbers)in the following explanation correspond to those appearing under respective columns of the table.

- (1) Circled numbers appearing in this column indicate the order to remove parts. When reassembling, follow these numbers in the reverse order. Circled numbers in this column correspond to those appearing in drawings of this section.
- (2) This column shows part names corresponding to circled numbers in the left column.
- (3) The symbol (T or B)appearing in this column shows the side which the objective part is mounted on. T =the upper side, B =the lower side
- (4) Symbols appearing in this column indicate drawing numbers.
 - Step Part Name Fig. Point Note Remarks

(5) This column indicates parts and points such as screws, washers, springs, and others to be removed/fitted for disassembling/reassembling the mechanism. Besides such the parts, this column occasionally indicates working points.

P = Spring W = WasherS = Screw

= Lock (L),soldering (SD),shield,connector (CN), etc.

Example

- Remove ((W1)=Washer W1.
- **Remove the solder at (SD1)=Point SD1.
- **Disconnect (A) = Connector (A) .
- (6) Numbers in this column represent the numbers of notes in the text.

(For parts that need phase adjustment after reassembling, refer to "2.6 MECHANISM ADJUSTMENTS".)

(7) This column indicates required after-disassembling/-reassembling work such as phase adjustment or mechanism adjustment.

NO.	PART NAME		FIG.	POINT	NOTE	REMARKS
1	CASSETTE HOUSING ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-3	3(S1),(L1a)-(L1e)	NOTE(1)a,b,c,d	ADJUSTMENT
2	UPPER BASE ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-4	(S2),(L2a),(L2b)	NOTE2	
3	DRUM ASSY	Т		(S3a),2(S3b)	NOTE3a,b	
4	REEL DISK ASSY(SUP)	Т	Fig.2-4-5	(W4)	NOTE@a	
5	REEL DISK ASSY(TU)	Т		(W3)	NOTE(5)	
6	REEL COVER ASSY	Т		2(W6),(S6a),2(S6b)	NOTE®	ADJUSTMENT
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)

2.2 JIGS AND TOOLS REQUIRED FOR DISASSEMBLY, ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT

2.2.1 Tools required for adjustments

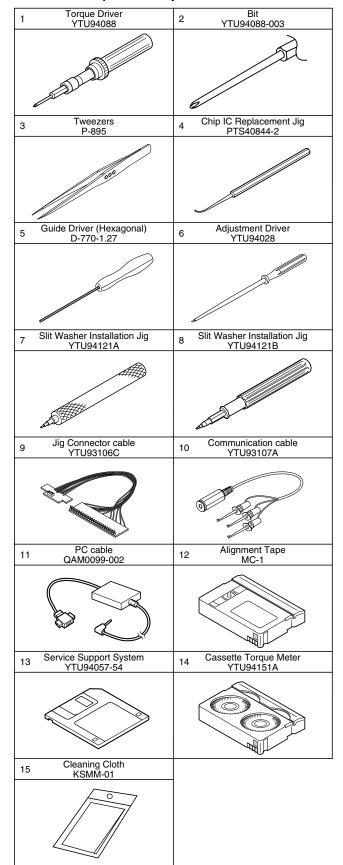


Table 2-2-1

1. Torque Driver

Be sure to use to fastening the mechanism and exterior parts because those parts must strictly be controlled for tightening torque.

Bit

This bit is slightly longer than those set in conventional torque drivers.

3. Tweezers

To be used for removing and installing parts and wires.

4. Chip IC Replacement Jig

To be used for adjustment of the camera system.

5. Guide Driver (Hexagonal)

To be used to turn the guide roller to adjustment of the linarity of playback envelope.

6. Adjustment Driver

To be used for adjustment.

7. Slit Washer Installation Jig

To be used to install slit washers.

8. Slit Washer Installation Jig (NEW TYPE)

To be used to install slit washers.

9. Jig Connector Cable

Connected to CN114 of the main board and used for electrical adjustment, etc.

10. Communication Cable

Connect the Communication cable between the PC cable and Jig connector cable when performing a PC adjustment.

11. PC Cable

To be used to connect the VideoMovie and a personal computer with each other when a personal computer is used for adjustment.

12. Alignment Tape

To be used for check and adjustment of interchangeability of the mechanism.

13. Service Support System

To be used for adjustment with a personal computer.

14. Cassette Torque Meter

This is used to cheek the back tension and play torque during mechanism adjustment.

Note: When using the cassette torque meter, install the service support system software in advance.

- LED : Forced to ON
- EJECT SW : OFF (Cancel)

The above setting is required to prevent any tape damage that may occur because the cassette torque meter cannot detect the leading/trailing sections of the tape.

15. Cleaning Cloth

Recommended cleaning cloth to wipe down the video heads, mechanism (tape transport system), optical lens surface.

2.3 DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY OF MECHANISM AS-SEMBLY

2.3.1 General statement

The mechanism should generally be disassembled/assembled in the C.IN mode (ASSEMBLY mode). (Refer to Fig. 2-3-1,2.)

However, when the mechanism is removed from the main body, it is set in the STOP mode. Therefore, after the mechanism is removed from the main body, supply 3 V DC to the electrode on the top of the loading motor to enter the mechanism mode into the C,IN mode compulsory.

<Mechanism assembly/Cassette housing assembly>

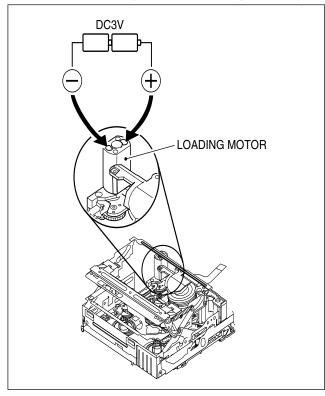


Fig. 2-3-1

<Back side of the mechanism assembly>

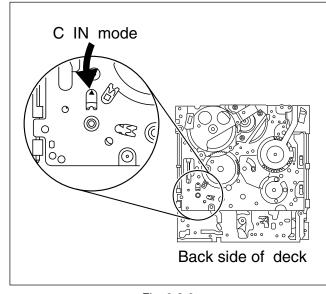


Fig. 2-3-2

2.3.2 Explanation of mechanism mode

The mechanism mode of this model is classified into five modes as shown in Table 2-3-1. Each mechanism mode can be distinguished from others by the relative position of "△", "○", "○" "□" marks on the sub cam gear to the inner or outer protrusion on the main deck. Refer to Fig. 2-3-3 to 2-3-8 below.

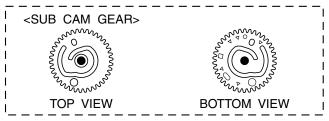


Fig. 2-3-3

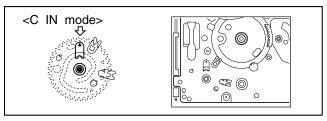


Fig. 2-3-4

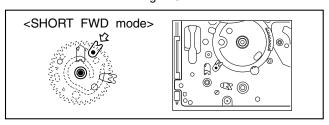


Fig. 2-3-5

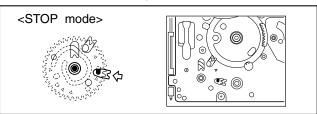


Fig. 2-3-6

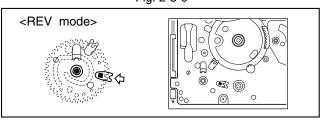


Fig. 2-3-7

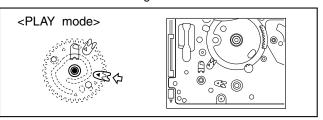


Fig. 2-3-8

2.3.3 Mechanism timing chart

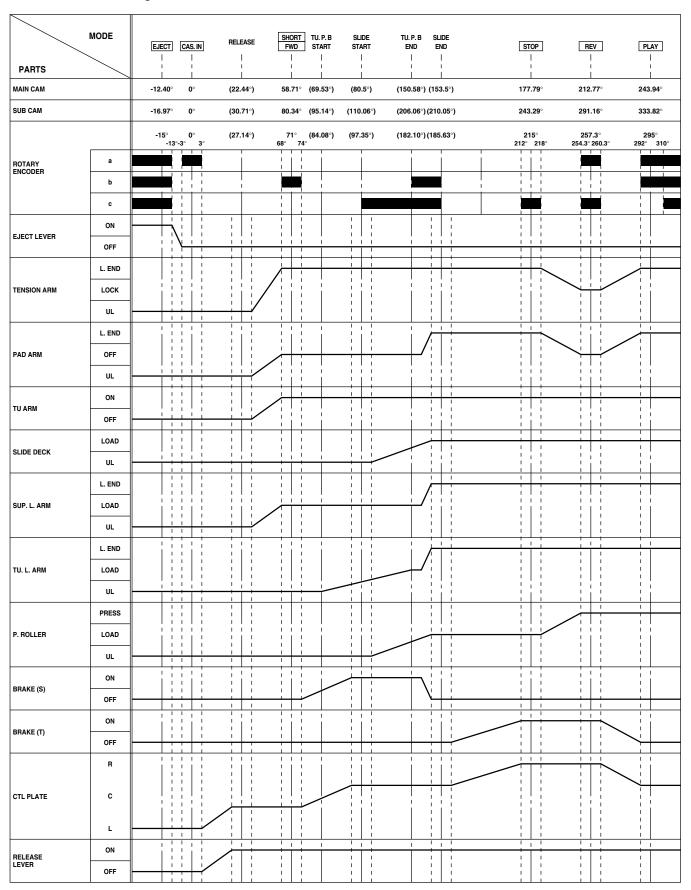


Table 2-3-1

2.4 DISASSEMBLING PROCEDURE TABLE

MARK: ★ After assembly, perform adjustments.

NO.	PART NAME		FIG.	POINT	NOTE	REMARKS
1	CASSETTE HOUSING ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-3	3(S①),(L①a)-(L①e)	NOTE①a,b,c,d	ADJUSTMENT
2	UPPER BASE ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-4	(S2),(L2a),(L2b)	NOTE2	
3	DRUM ASSY	Т		(S3a),2(S3b)	NOTE3a,b	
4	REEL DISK ASSY(SUP)	Т	Fig.2-4-5	(W4)	NOTE4	
5	REEL DISK ASSY(TU)	Т		(W3)	NOTE(5)	
6	REEL COVER ASSY	Т		2(W6),2(S6a),(S6b)	NOTE®	ADJUSTMENT
7	TENSION ARM ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-6	_	NOTE(7)	ADJUSTMENT / ★
8	SLANT POLE ARM ASSY	Т		_	NOTE®	ADJUSTMENT
9	TU ARM ASSY	Т		_	NOTE®	ADJUSTMENT
10	SWING ARM ASSY	Т		(S10)	NOTE(10)	ADJUSTMENT
11)	SLIDE DECK ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-7a	2(S①a),(S①b),2(L①a), 2(L①b),(L①c)	NOTE(1)a,b	ADJUSTMENT / ★
12	PAD ARM ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-7b	(P12),(L12),(W12)	NOTE(2)	ADJUSTMENT / ★
13	SUP BRAKE ASSY	Т		(P13),(L13),(S13)	NOTE(3)	ADJUSTMENT
14)	TU BRAKE ASSY	Т		(P14),(L14),(W14)	NOTE14	ADJUSTMENT
15)	TENSION CTL LEVER ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-8	_	NOTE(15)	ADJUSTMENT
16	CENTER GEAR	Т		_	NOTE16	
17)	PINCH ROLLER ARM F. ASSY	Т		(W17)	NOTE(17)	
18	TENSION CTL PLATE ASSY	Т		_	NOTE(18)	ADJUSTMENT
19	BRAKE CTL LEVER ASSY	Т		_	NOTE(19)	ADJUSTMENT
20	MOTOR BRACKET ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-9	3(S20),(L20a),2(L20b)	NOTE20	ADJUSTMENT
21)	GUIDE RAIL ASSY	Т		2(W21),(S21),2(L21a),(L21b)	NOTE21	ADJUSTMENT
22	SLIDE LEVER 2 ASSY	Т		_	NOTE22	ADJUSTMENT / ★
23	LOADING PLATE ASSY	Т		(W23)	NOTE23	ADJUSTMENT
24	MODE GEAR	Т		_	NOTE24	
25)	EJECT LEVER	Т		(W25)	NOTE 25	ADJUSTMENT
26	BASE R ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-10	(S26a),(S26b),2(L26)	NOTE26	ADJUSTMENT
27)	ROTARY ENCODER	Т		2(S27)	NOTE27	PHASE ADJUSTMENT
28	GEAR COVER ASSY	Т		(S28a),2(S28b)	_	
29	MAIN CAM ASSY	Т		_	NOTE29	PHASE ADJUSTMENT
30	SLIDE ARM ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-11	_	NOTE30	ADJUSTMENT
31)	CONNECT GEAR 2	Т		_	NOTE31	
32	SUB CAM ASSY	Т		(S32)	NOTE32	PHASE ADJUSTMENT
33	CONTROL ARM ASSY	Т		_	NOTE33	ADJUSTMENT
34	REEL GEAR 1	Т		_	NOTE34	
35 / 36	DRUM BASE ASSY/ CAPSTAN MOTOR	Т	Fig.2-4-12	3(S35)	NOTE35a,b	ADJUSTMENT
36	CAPSTAN MOTOR	Т		(S36)	NOTE 36	ADJUSTMENT
(37)	MAIN DECK ASSY	Т		_	_	

Table 2-4-1

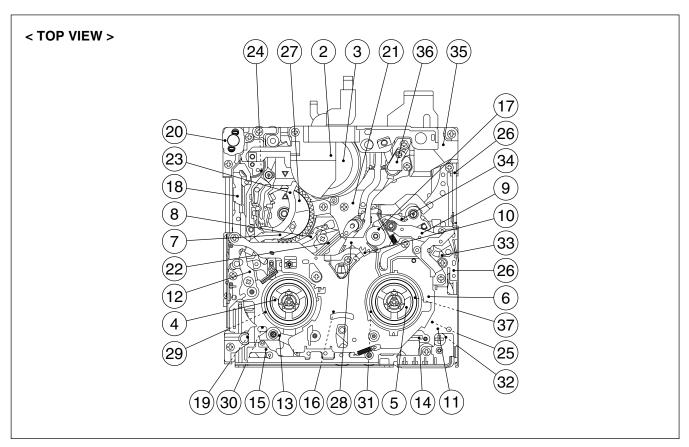


Fig. 2-4-1

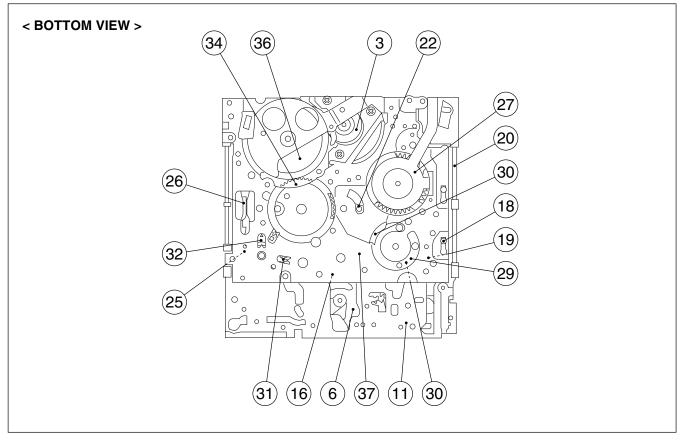


Fig. 2-4-2

2.4.1 Disassembly/assembly

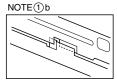
1. ① CASSETTE HOUSING ASSY

NOTE(1)a:

Be careful not to damage any of the parts during work.

NOTE(1)b:

Special care is required in mounting.



2 (S①)

NOTE(1)b

(L1)c).

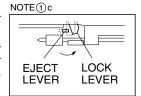
(L1)d)

(L1)b)

(L(1)e)

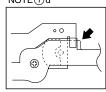
NOTE(1)c:

When mounting, the CASSETTE HOUSING ASSY should be attached in the Eject status. Pay heed to the positions of the LOCK LEVER and EJECT LEVER during mounting.



NOTE(1)d:

When mounting, be sure to locate the FPC in the gap.



NOTE ① d



NOTE(1) a

LOCK LEVER NOTE 1 c

(S₁)

NOTE(1)d

NOTE(1)d

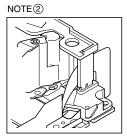
(L1)a)

(S(1))

- 2. ② UPPER BASE ASSY
 - ③ DRUM ASSY

NOTE2:

When mounting, be sure to insert the FPC reinforcing sheet.



NOTE3a:

Be mindful of scratches or damage during work.

NOTE3b:

Be careful not to attach screws incorrectly.



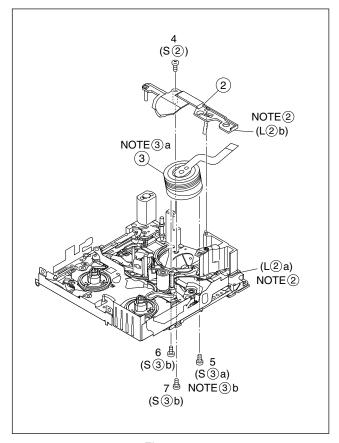


Fig. 2-4-4



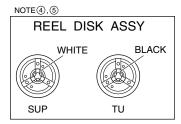
- 3. 4 REEL DISK ASSY(SUP)
 - **5** REEL DISK ASSY(TU)
 - **6** REEL COVER ASSY

NOTE(4):

Be careful not to attach the REEL DISK wrongly. The Supply side can be identified by the white color at the center.

NOTE(5):

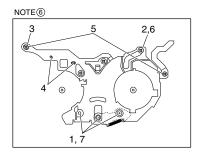
Be careful not to attach the REEL DISK wrongly. The Take-up side can be identified by the black color at the center.



NOTE₆:

Perform the following steps for mounting.

- 1. Align the 2 holes with the pins.
- 2. Attach the PINCH ROLLER ARM ASSY by aligning the positions.
- 3. Attach the SUB DECK ASSY by aligning the positions.
- 4. Check that the parts below them are located in the correct positions.
- 5. Tighten the 2 screws.
- 6. Tighten the screw.
- 7. Attach the 2 SLIT WASHER parts.



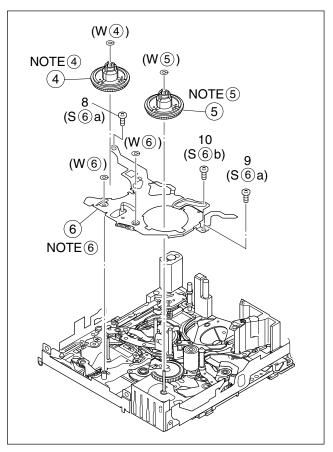


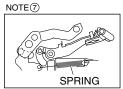
Fig. 2-4-5

- 4. 7 TENSION ARM ASSY
 - **8** SLANT POLE ARM ASSY
 - **9** TU ARM ASSY
 - 10 SWING ARM ASSY

NOTE(7):

When detaching, remove the spring of the @ PAD ARM ASSY in advance.

Pay attention to the attachment position.



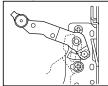
NOTE(8):

Be careful not to lose any parts (such as a spring).



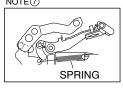
Pav attention to the mounting position.

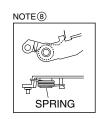


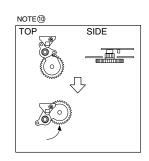


NOTE10:

When detaching, remove the screw then remove the SWING ARM ASSY by pulling it up and turning it.







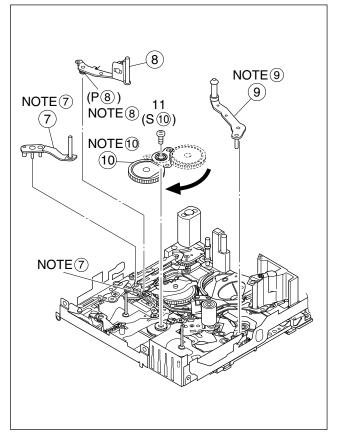


Fig. 2-4-6

5. (1) SLIDE DECK ASSY

NOTE11a:

Each of the parts on the SLIDE DECK ASSY can be replaced separately.

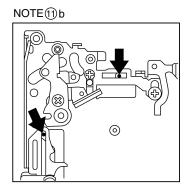
When detaching the assembly, if there is no need to replace any of its parts, remove the SLIDE DECK ASSY as it is.

NOTE(1)b:

When mounting, pay attention to the positions of the & SLIDE LEVER (2) studs and the BRAKE CONTROL LEVER ASSY

When mounting, position the CONTROL PLATE on the left side.

Pay attention to the position of the SLIDE GUIDE PLATE during mounting.



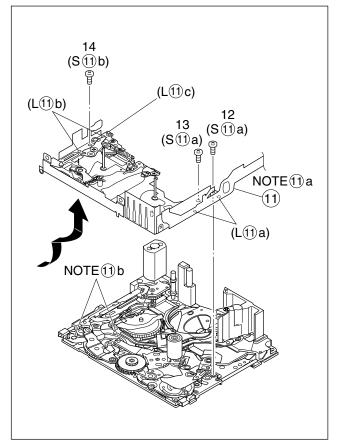


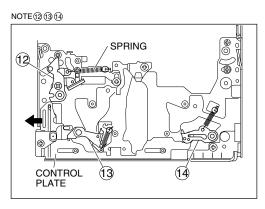
Fig. 2-4-7a

- 6. ② PAD ARM ASSY
 ③ SUP BRAKE ASSY
 ④ TU BRAKE ASSY
- NOTE(12):

The spring may have already been disengaged when the ® SLANT POLE ARM ASSY was removed.

NOTES(13/14):

When mounting, pay attention to the correct positioning. Mount the CONTROL PLATE by moving it fully toward the left side.



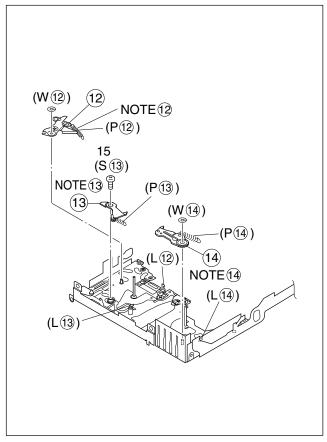
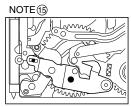


Fig. 2-4-7b

- 7. (§) TENSION CTL LEVER ASSY
 - **16** CENTER GEAR
 - 17 PINCH ROLLER ARM F. ASSY
 - **18 TENSION CTL PLATE ASSY**
 - (19) BRAKE CTL LEVER ASSY

NOTES(15)/16:

When mounting, pay attention to the correct positioning.





NOTE17:

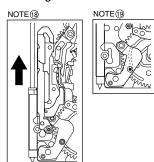
Take care against grease attachment during work.







When mounting, pay attention to the correct positioning.



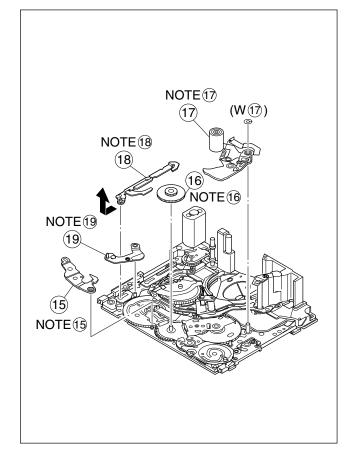
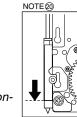


Fig. 2-4-8



- 21 GUIDE RAIL ASSY
- 2 SLIDE LEVER 2 ASSY
- **23** LOADING PLATE ASSY
- **24** MODE GEAR
- **25** EJECT LEVER

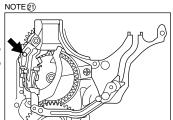


NOTE:

When mounting, pay attention to the positioning of the sliding parts.



When mounting, take care that no part is allowed to float or rattle.



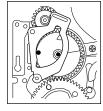
NOTES 22/23/24/25:

When mounting, pay attention to the correct positioning.





NOTE@



NOTE@



NOTE @



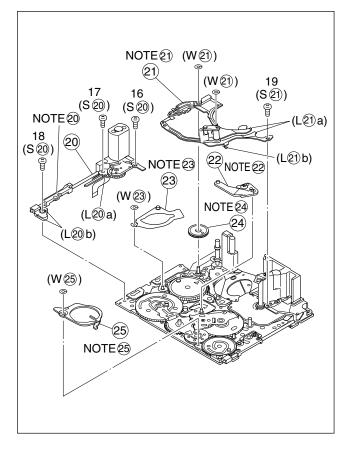
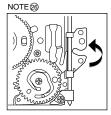


Fig. 2-4-9

- 9. 26 BASE R ASSY
 - **②** ROTARY ENCODER
 - **28** GEAR COVER ASSY
 - **29 MAIN CAM ASSY**

NOTE26:

When mounting, fold the sliding part to the inner side.



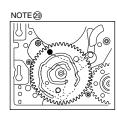
NOTE27:

When mounting, pay attention to the correct positioning and the FPC layout.



NOTE29:

When mounting, pay attention to the correct positioning.



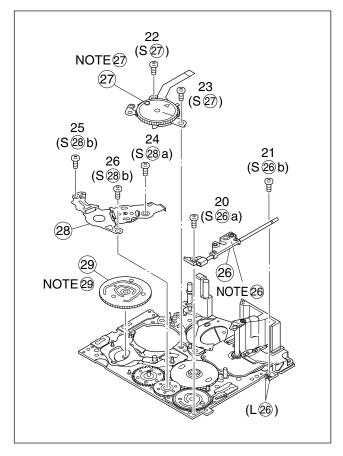
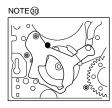


Fig. 2-4-10

- 10. 30 SLIDE ARM ASSY
 - **31) CONNECT GEAR 2**
 - 32 SUB CAM ASSY
 - **33** CONTROL ARM ASSY
 - 34 REEL GEAR 1

NOTE30:

When mounting, pay attention to the correct positioning and the FPC lay-



NOTE(31):

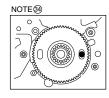
When mounting, pay attention to the position of the front and back.



NOTES32/33/34:

When mounting, pay attention to the correct positioning and the FPC layout.





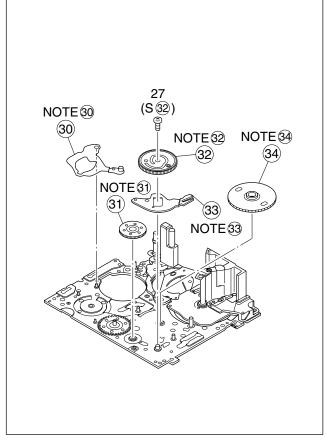


Fig. 2-4-11

11. 35 DRUM BASE ASSY

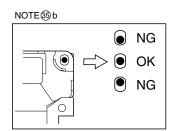
- **36** CAPSTAN MOTOR
- 37 MAIN DECK ASSY

NOTES 35 a /36:

When detaching, remove them together and then separate from §a.

NOTE 35 b:

When mounting, attach the DRUM BASE ASSY so that the screw hole is located at the center of the ellipse.



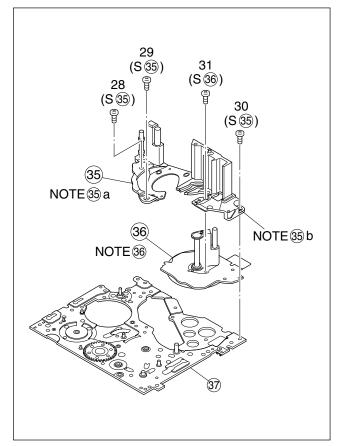


Fig. 2-4-12

2.4.2 List of procedures for disassembly

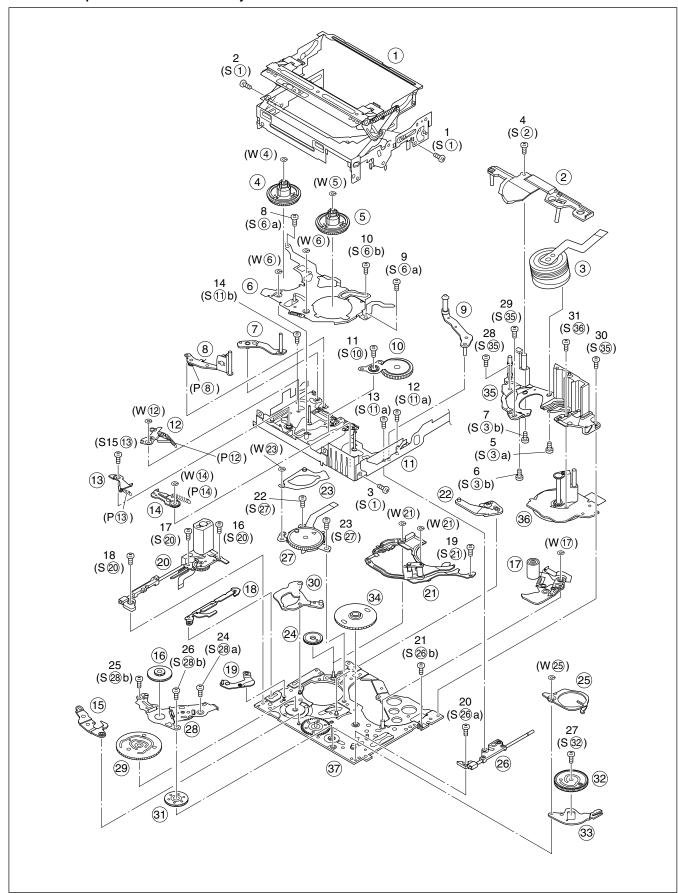


Fig. 2-4-13

2.5 CHECKUP AND ADJUSTMENT OF MECHANISM PHASE

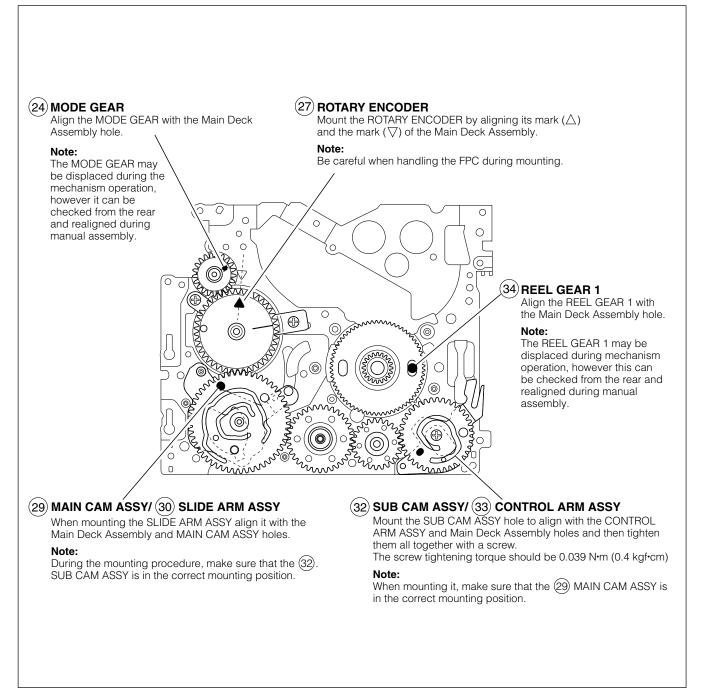


Fig. 2-5-1

2.6 MECHANISM ADJUSTMENTS

2.6.1 Adjustment of the slide guide plate

Use Fig. 2-6-1 as the reference unless otherwise specified.

- 1. Set the PLAY mode. See Fig. 2-3-8.
- 2. Loosen the screws (A,B).
- 3. With the Main Deck and Slide Deck Assemblies pushed into the unit, tighten the screws (A,B) while applying pressure to the stud (shaft) on the Slide Guide plate. The pressure applied should be enough to enable utilization of the rebounding force of the springs. The tightening torque should be 0.069 N•m (0.7 kgf•cm).
- Check the operation.
 Repeat unloading and loading several times and make sure that these operations can be performed smoothly without producing rattles.

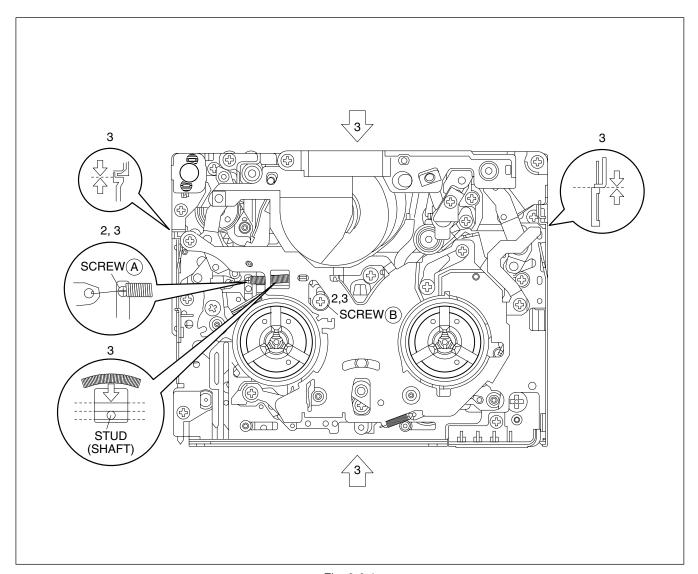


Fig. 2-6-1

2.6.2 Adjustment of the Tension Arm and Pad Arm Assemblies

Use Fig. 2-6-2 as the reference unless otherwise specified.

- 1. Set the PLAY mode. Se Fig. 2-3-8.
- 2. Loosen the screw (A).
- 3. With the take-up side at the bottom, align the extreme end of the Tension Arm Assembly with the crossed grooves on the screw (B) that retains the Loading Motor Assembly and then tighten the screw (A).

The tightening torque should be 0.069 N·m (0.7 kgf·cm).

4. Check the operation.

Repeat unloading and loading several times and make sure that the Tension Arm Assembly is located within the normal range.

Note: With the above checking method, a Torque Meter is not used.

When a Torque meter is used, the following are

the reference values:

Back Tension : 2.0 to 6.0 g•cm Play Torque : 8.3 to 12.5 g•cm

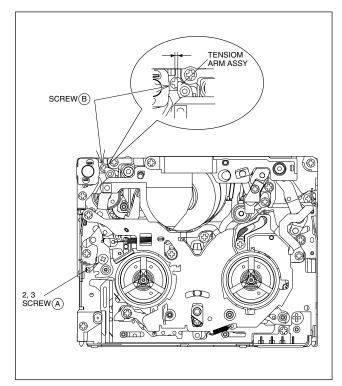


Fig. 2-6-2

2.6.3 Adjustment of the Slide Lever 2

Use Fig. 2-6-3 as the reference unless otherwise specified.

- 1. Set the C IN mode. See Fig. 2-3-4.
- 2. Loosen the screw (A).
- 3. Set the Main Deck and Slide Deck Assemblies apart so that they do not rattle, then tighten the screw (A) by screwing it fully toward the Drum Assembly.

 The tightening torque should be 0.069 N·m (0.7 kgf·cm).
- 4. Check the operation.

Repeat unloading and loading several times and make sure that these operations can be performed smoothly without producing rattles.

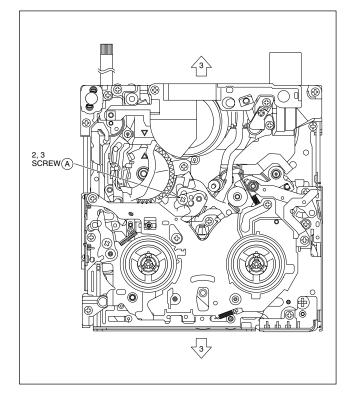


Fig. 2-6-3

2.7 JIG CONNECTOR CABLE CONNECTION

Remove one screw (1) first and the cover (JIG) next.

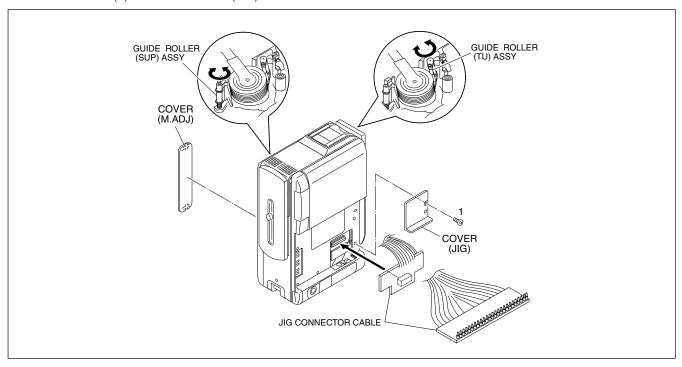


Fig. 2-7-1

MAIN CN114	JIG CONN. BOARD (PIN NO.)
VF_RPD 40	40 VF_RPD
CVF_G 20	39 CVF_R
CVF_R 39	38 VF_COM
CVF_B 19	37 MT_G
VF_COM 38	36 MT_B
MT_RPD 18	35 MT_PSIG
MT_G 37	33 SBE
MT_R 17	32 FRP
MT_B 36	31 DISCRI
MT_COMCS 16	30 ATFI
MT_PSIG 35	29 ENV_OUT
GND 15	28 TRST
GND 34	27 TMS
MONI_CHG 14	26 TDI
SBE 33	25 JLIP_TX
SPA 13	20 CVF_G
FRP 32	19 CVF_B
FS_PLL 12	18 MT_RPD
DISCRI 31	17 MT_R
HID1 11	16 MT_COMCS
ATFI 30	15 GND
MAIN_VCO 10	14 MONI_CHG
ENV_OUT 29	13 SPA
PB_CLK 9	12 FS_PLL
TRST 28	11 HID1
TCMK 8	10 MAIN_VCO
TMS 27	9 PB_CLK
TDO 7	8 TCMK
TDI 26	7 TDO
JLIP_RX 6	6 JLIP_RX
JLIP_TX 25	
IF_TX 5	
AL_3VSYS 24	
RST 4	
VPPC 23	NOTE)
SRV_RX 3	The JIG connector board uses 30 of the 40 pins of CN114 of
SRV_TX 22	the Main board.
REG_3V 2	
DRST 21	Pins 1 to 5, 21 to 24 and 34 of CN114 on the Main board at
VPPD 1	not used.

Fig. 2-7-2

2.8 SERVICE NOTE

Use the following chart to manage mechanism parts that are removed for disassembling the mechanism.

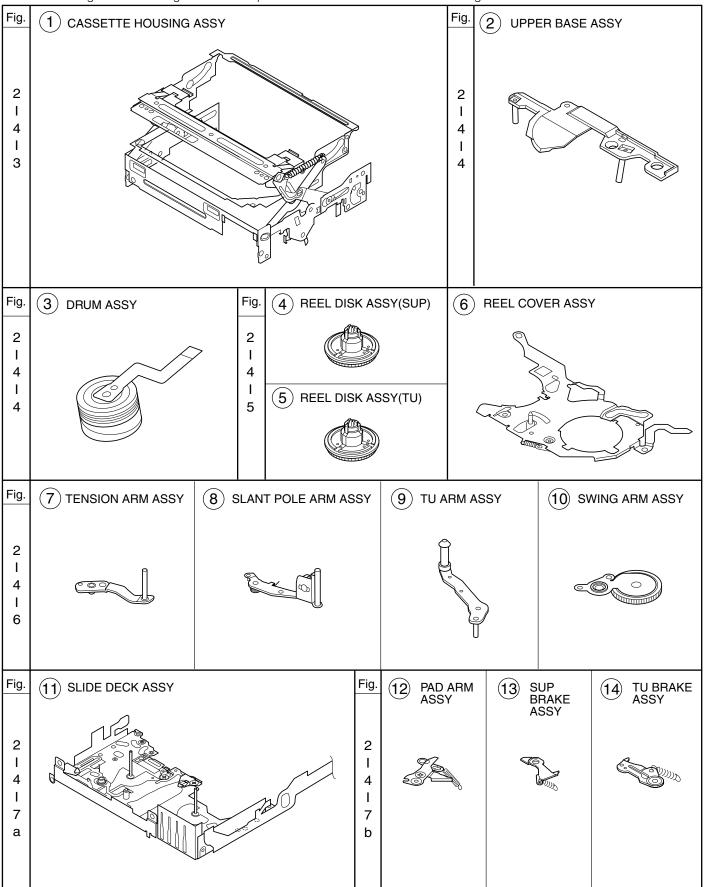


Table 2-8-1a

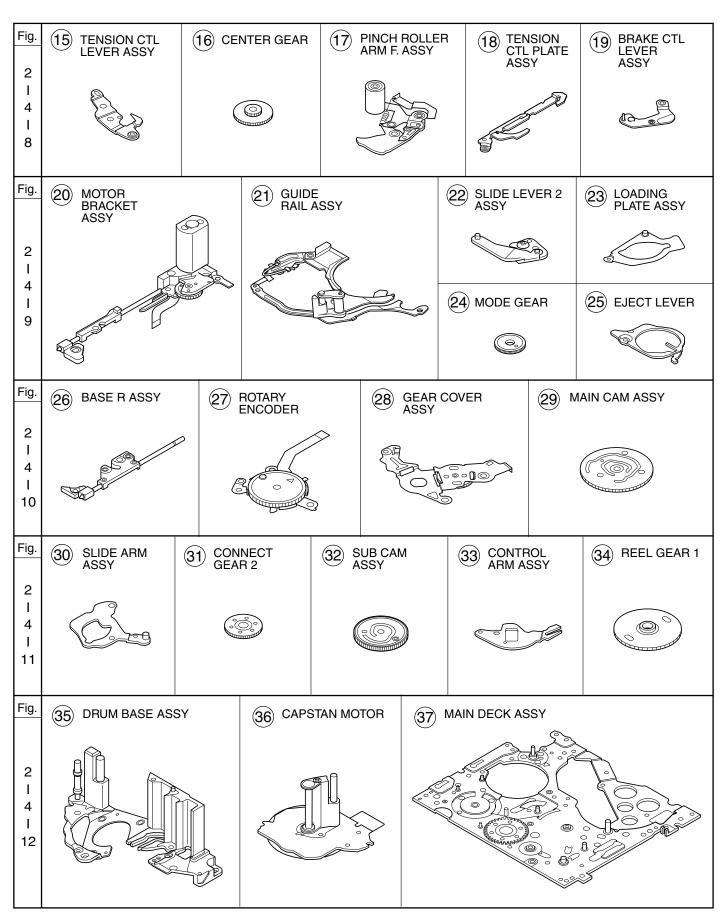


Table 2-8-1b

SECTION 3 ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENT

3.1 PRECAUTION

1. Precaution

Both the camera and deck sections of this model needs a personal computer for adjustment except simple adjustment with potentiometers. If some of the following parts is replaced for repair or other reason, the repaired set must be adjusted with a personal computer.

- OP block
- E²PROM (IC1003 of MAIN board)

In the event of malfunction with electrical circuits, troubleshooting with the aid of proper test instruments most be done first, and then commence necessary repair, replacement and adjustment, etc.

- 1. In case of wiring to chip test points for measurement, use IC clips, etc. to avoid any stress.
- 2. Since connectors are fragile, carefully handle them in disconnecting and connecting.
- 3. Shortcircuit between operation un it and DECK chassis.

2. Required test equipment

- 1. Color TV monitor.
- 2. AC power adapter/charger
- 3. Oscilloscope (dual-trace type, observable 100 MHz or higher frequency)

Note: It is recommended to use one observable 300 MHz or higher frequency.

- 4. Digital voltmeter
- 5. Frequency counter (with threshold level adjuster)
- 6. Personal computer

3. Tools required for adjustments

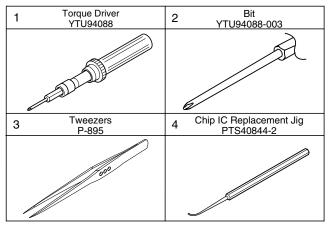


Table 3-1-1a

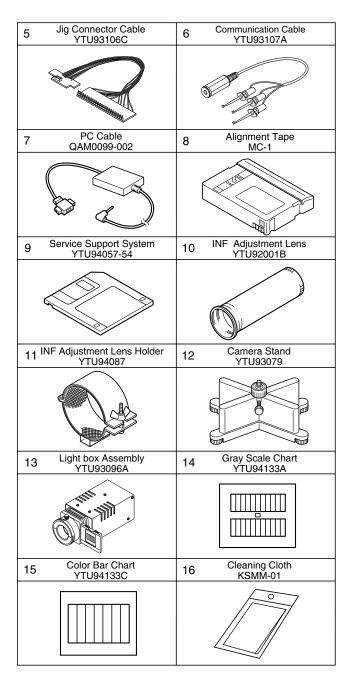


Table 3-1-1b

1. Torque driver

Be sure to use to fastening the mechanism and exterior parts because those parts must strictly be controlled for tightening torque.

2. Bi

This bit is slightly longer than those set in conventional torque drivers.

3. Tweezers

To be used for removing and installing parts and wires.

4. Chip IC replacement jig

To be used for adjustment of the camera system.

5. Jig connector cable

Connected to CN114 of the main board and used for electrical adjustment, etc.

6. Communication Cable

Connect the Communication cable between the PC cable and Jig connector cable when performing a PC adjustment.

7. PC cable

To be used to connect the VideoMovie and a personal computer with each other when a personal computer is used for adjustment.

8. Alignment tape

To be used for check and adjustment of interchangeability of the mechanism.

3.2 SETUP

1. Setup for electrical adjustment with personal computer.

NOTE: Remove one screw (1) first and the cover (JIG) next.

9. Service support system

To be used for adjustment with a personal computer.

10. INF adjustment lens

To be used for adjustment of the camera system.

11. INF adjustment lens holder

To be used together with the camera stand for operating the VideoMovie in the stripped-down condition such as the status without the exterior parts or for using commodities that are not yet conformable to the interchangeable ring.

12. Camera stand

To be used together with the INF adjustment lens holder.

13. Light box assembly

To be used for adjustment of the camera system.

14. Gray scale chart (for Light box assembly)

To be used for adjustment of the camera system.

15. Color bar chart (for Light box assembly)

To be used for adjustment of the camera system.

16. Cleaning Cloth

Recommended cleaning cloth to wipe down the video heads, mechanism (tape transport system), optical lens surface.

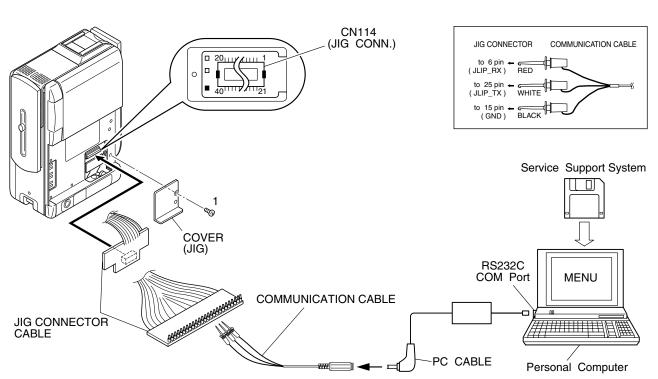


Fig. 3-2-1 Connection for Service support system